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## M252 の機械的性質におよぼす Ti, Al, C, Mo の影響\*

(Ni 基耐熱合金に関する研究—VII)

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Effect of Ti, Al, C and Mo on Mechanical Properties of M252.

(Studies on nickel-base heat-resisting alloys—VII)

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### Synopsis:

Effects of Ti, Al, C and Mo contents on stress-rupture properties of alloy M252 were investigated.

There seemed to be a peak stress-rupture life at 1.2% Al when Ti was 3.1%, and stress-rupture life was decreased in the case of specimens containing over 1.2% Al. Ti+Al atm. % = 6.5 gave the peak of stress-rupture and creep ductility.

Effect of Ti and Al on stress-rupture characteristics was clear in the case of heat treatment B (1065°C × 8h W.Q., 800°C × 2.5h A.C. and 700°C × 18h A.C.) but it was not clear in the case of heat treatment G (1065°C × 8h. A.C., 760°C × 15h. A.C.).

Carbon did not affect the short-time stress-rupture test, but it did so in the long time stress rupture test, and stress rupture life was decreased by the increase of carbon. Hardness after heat treatment was increased by carbon and nitrogen, but it seemed that overaging at high temperature was promoted by them and the decrease of long time stress rupture life was affected by overaging.

Ultimate strength of short-time tensile test between room temperature and 750°C, and stress-rupture strength less than 500 hours of the alloy containing 11% Mo was higher than those of the alloy containing 10% Mo. But strength was not increased by increasing Mo content up to 15%, although these values were higher than the alloy containing 10% Mo. The effect of Mo on increasing strength of alloy was not clear in the case of testing temperature of 816 and 850°C.

There was no embrittling effect by increasing Mo content in these test. But the net work which precipitates at grain boundaries was increased by heating 11% Mo alloy for 1000 hours at 850°C, and it lowered Charpy's impact value.

The resistance to oxidation in the air below 900°C was good enough, and it was not affected by increasing the Mo content.

### I. 緒 言

耐熱合金 M252 は Ni-Cr-Co 系合金に Ti, Al を添加した点では nimonic 合金と類似しているが、C 含有量がやや高く Mo を多量に含んでいる点が特徴といえよう。本報では nimonic 80A について第Ⅶ報でのべたごとく Ti, Al 含有量、さらに C 量の機械的性質におよぼす影響についてのべ、また標準成分より以上の Mo を含有した場合の効果についてのべたい。

### II. 供 試 材

Ti, Al 含有量の影響をしらべる試料としては熔解条件を一定にするため真空熔解した M252 素材を原料として 50% 配合し、3 kg 高周波熔解炉にて Ti 3.58~2.55

\* 昭和33年10月および昭和34年4月本会講演大会にて発表

\*\* 住友金属工業株式会社車輌鋳鍛事業部、工博

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